

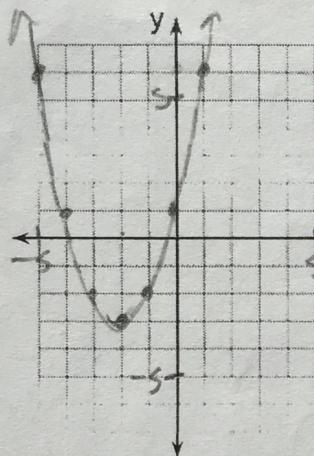
## Function Family Graphic Organizer

Function Family: Quadratic (Parabolic) Parent Graph Table

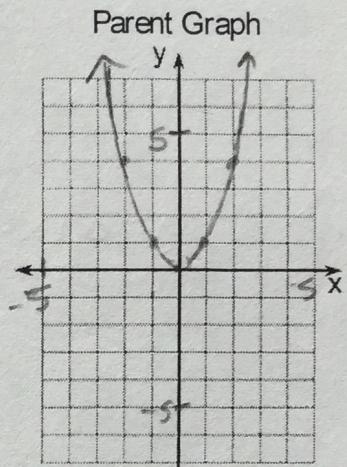
Parent Function:  $y = x^2$ 

Equation of Transformed Function (Graphing Form):

$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

Sketch of Transformed Graph:  $y = (x + 2)^2 - 3$ 

x	y
-3	9
-2	4
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	4
3	9

The locator point  $(h, k)$  is:

The vertex

Attributes:

(shape, symmetry, domain and range, maximum and minimum points, etc.)

- Parabola
- Symmetry across  $x = -2$
- Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$
- Range:  $y \geq -3$
- Minimum  $(-2, -3)$
- Vertex  $(-2, -3)$

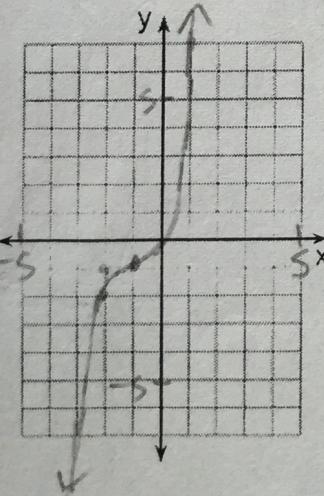
## Function Family Graphic Organizer

Function Family: Cubic

Parent Function:  $y = x^3$ 

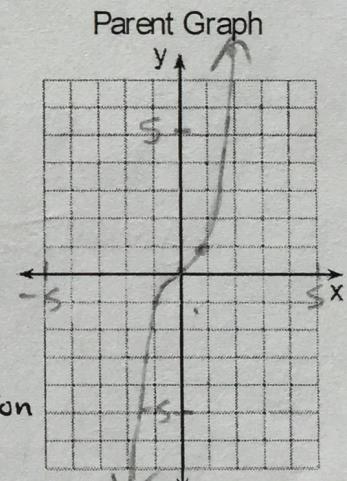
Equation of Transformed Function (Graphing Form):

$$y = a(x - h)^3 + k$$

Sketch of Transformed Graph:  $y = (x + 1)^3 - 1$ 

Parent Graph Table

x	y
-3	-27
-2	-8
-1	-1
0	0
1	1
2	8
3	27

The locator point  $(h, k)$  is:

Point of Inflection

Attributes:

(shape, symmetry, domain and range, maximum and minimum points, etc.)

- Cubic
- Rotational symmetry about  $(-1, -1)$
- Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$
- Range:  $\mathbb{R}$
- Point of inflection  $(-1, -1)$

## Lesson 2.2.2 Resource Page

### Function Family Graphic Organizer

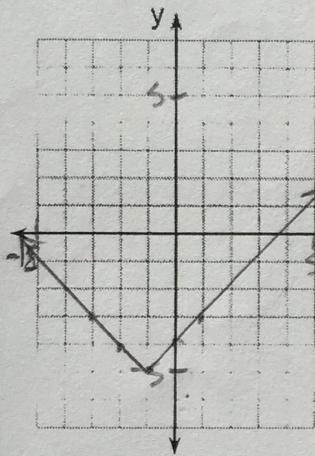
Function Family: Absolute Value

Parent Function:  $y = |x|$

Equation of Transformed Function (Graphing Form):

$$y = a|x-h| + k$$

Sketch of Transformed Graph:  $y = |x+1| - 5$

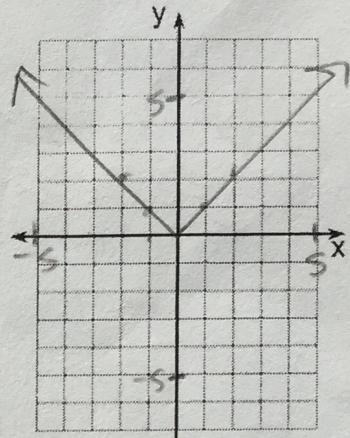


The locator point  $(h, k)$  is:

Parent Graph Table

x	y
-3	3
-2	2
-1	1
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	3

Parent Graph



Attributes:

(shape, symmetry, domain and range, maximum and minimum points, etc.)

- absolute value "V" shape
- symmetry across  $x = -1$
- domain:  $\mathbb{R}$
- Range:  $y \geq -5$
- Vertex:  $(-1, -5)$
- Minimum:  $(-1, -5)$

### Function Family Graphic Organizer

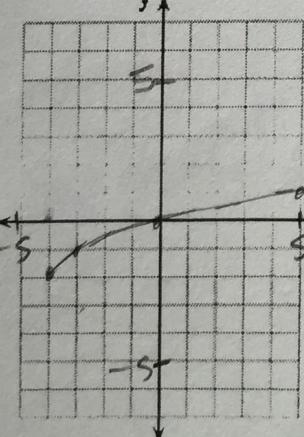
Function Family: Square Root

Parent Function:  $y = \sqrt{x}$

Equation of Transformed Function (Graphing Form):

$$y = a\sqrt{x-h} + k$$

Sketch of Transformed Graph:  $y = \sqrt{x+4} - 2$

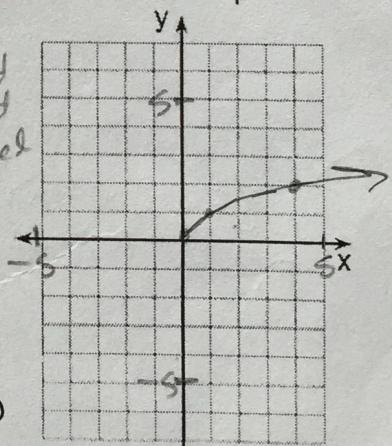


The locator point  $(h, k)$  is: "End point"  
(not academic vocab.)

Parent Graph Table

x	y
-3	undefined
-2	undefined
-1	undefined
0	0
1	1
2	$\sqrt{2}$
3	$\sqrt{3}$

Parent Graph



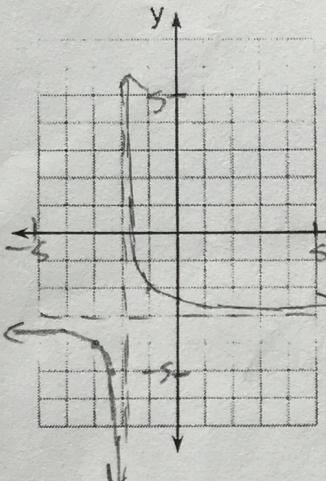
Attributes:

(shape, symmetry, domain and range, maximum and minimum points, etc.)

- Square root
- Domain:  $x \geq -4$
- Range:  $y \geq -2$
- Endpoint:  $(-4, -2)$
- Minimum:  $(-4, -2)$

## Function Family Graphic Organizer

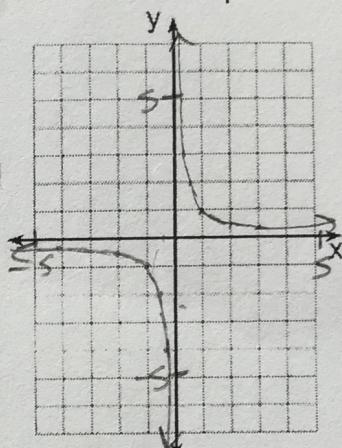
Function Family: Rational (Hyperbolic)

Parent Function:  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ Equation of Transformed Function (Graphing Form):  
 $y = a(\frac{1}{x-n}) + k$ Sketch of Transformed Graph:  $y = \frac{1}{x+2} - 3$ 

Parent Graph Table

x	y
-3	$-\frac{1}{3}$
-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$
-1	-1
0	undefined
1	1
2	$\frac{1}{2}$
3	$\frac{1}{3}$

Parent Graph



The locator point (h, k) is: center

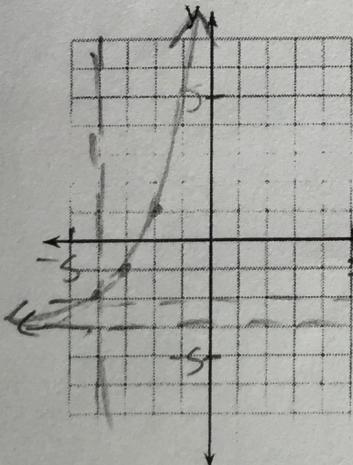
Attributes:

(shape, symmetry, domain and range, maximum and minimum points, etc.)

- hyperbola
- rotational symmetry about (-2, -3)
- Center (-2, -3)
- Domain  $x \neq -2$
- Range  $y \neq -3$
- asymptotes  
 $y = -3$  &  $x = -2$

## Function Family Graphic Organizer

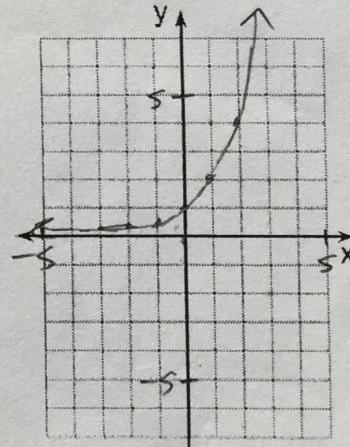
Function Family: Exponential

Parent Function:  $y = 2^x$ Equation of Transformed Function (Graphing Form):  
 $y = a \cdot b^{(x-n)} + k$ Sketch of Transformed Graph:  $y = 2^{(x+4)} - 3$ 

Parent Graph Table

x	y
-3	$\frac{1}{8}$
-2	$\frac{1}{4}$
-1	$\frac{1}{2}$
0	1
1	2
2	4
3	8

Parent Graph



The locator point (h, k) is:

Attributes:

(shape, symmetry, domain and range, maximum and minimum points, etc.)

- Exponential curve
- Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$
- Range  $y > -3$
- asymptote  $y = -3$
- point (0, 13)
- $y = 2^x$